

# Answer Key

Latin VII

## VOCABULARY FOR MIDTERM

UNIT 1 CAMBRIDGE

### NOUNS:

1<sup>st</sup> Declension (mostly feminine):

<i>NOUN</i>	<i>genitive</i>	<i>gender</i>	<i>meaning</i>
agricola	ae	M	farmer
ancilla	ae	F	slave-girl
athleta	ae	M	wrestler
cena	ae	F	dinner
controversia	ae	F	debate
culina	ae	F	kitchen
epistula	ae	F	letter
familia	ae	F	family
flamma	ae	F	flame
luna	ae	F	moon
nauta	ae	M	sailor
palaestra	ae	F	exercise yard
piscina	ae	F	fishpond/pool
poeta	ae	M	poet
puella	ae	F	girl
sententia	ae	F	opinion
statua	ae	F	statue
terra	ae	F	earth
thermae	arum	F pl.	baths
turba	ae	F	crowd
via	ae	F	street
villa	ae	F	house (country)

2<sup>nd</sup> Declension (masculine):

<i>NOUN</i>	<i>genitive</i>	<i>gender</i>	<i>meaning</i>
amicus	i	M	friend
anulus			ring
candidatus			candidate
deus			god
dominus			master
filius	fili		son
fundus			farm
Graecus			Greek
maritus			husband
murus			wall
nasus			nose
nuntius			messenger
servus			slave
sonus			sound
titulus			inscription/slogan
vilicus			overseer
ager	agri		field
liber			book
puer	pueri		boy
magister			teacher
vir			man

2<sup>nd</sup> Declension (neuter):

<i>NOUN</i>	<i>genitive</i>	<i>gender</i>	<i>meaning</i>
amphitheatrum	i	N	amphitheater
auxilium			help
donum			gift
forum			marketplace/forum

praemium	i	N	prize/reward
sacrificium			sacrifice
templum			temple
triclinium			dining room

3<sup>rd</sup> Declension (masculine and feminine):

<b>NOUN</b>	<b>genitive</b>	<b>gender</b>	<b>meaning</b>
caudex	caudicis	M	blockhead
cinis	cineris	M	ash
contentio	contentionis	F	argument
frater	fratris	M	brother
fur	furis	C	thief
hospes	hospitis	M	guest
iuvenis	iuvenis	C	youth / young person
lares	larum	Mpl.	household gods
leo	leonis	M	lion
libertas	libertatis	F	freedom / liberty
mater	matris	F	mother
mercator	mercatoris	M	merchant
paries	parietis	M	wall
pater	patris	M	father
pax	pacis	F	peace
rhetor	rhetoris	M	teacher
senex	senis	M	old man
serpens	serpentis	C	snake
tremor	tremoris	M	tremor
uxor	uxoris	F	wife
vox	vocis	F	voice

navis f ship

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3<sup>rd</sup> Declension "i-stems":

\*fustis fustis m club

\*gens gentis F family / clan

\*mons montis M mountain

\*nubes nubis F cloud

\*pons pontis M bridge

\*urbs urbis F city

\*civis civis C citizen  
Other:

\*mare maris N sea

res (5<sup>th</sup> decl.) thing / affair / matter

acc sg. = rem

ADJECTIVES: Provide Meaning

amicus, a, um friendly

antiquus, a, um old, ancient

ater, atra, atrum black, dark

barbarus, a, um barbaric, savage, foreign

callidus, a, um clever

candidus, a, um shining white

contentus, a, um satisfied

difficilis, is, e difficult

doctus, a, um skilled / educated

fortis, is, e strong, brave

fractus, a, um broken

ignavus, a, um lazy

ingens, ingens, ingens huge

inimicus, a, um unfriendly

iratus, a, um angry

laetus, a, um happy

medius, a, um middle

meus, a, um	my, mine
mirabilis, is, e	marvelous, strange
multus, a, um	much / many
noster, ra, rum	our
notissimus, a, um	most / very famous / well-known
notus, a, um	famous / well-known
novus, a, um	new
periculosus, a, um	dangerous
plurimus, a, um	most
plus	more
pulcher, -chra, -chrum	beautiful
pretiosus, a, um	precious
proximus, a, um	nearest
Romanus, a, um	Roman
solus, a, um	alone
sordidus, a, um	dirty
stultus, a, um	foolish
suus, a, um	his / her / its (own)
tuus, a, um	your
magnus, a, um	great (large)
maior, maioris	greater (larger)
maximus, a, um	greatest (largest)
bonus, a, um	good
melior, melioris	better
optimus, a, um	best
densus, a, um	thick (dense)
densior, densioris	thicker
densissimus, a, um	thickest

PREPOSITIONS:

Prepositions that govern the accusative case:

ad	<u>to, toward, at</u>	prope	<u>near / next to</u>
per	<u>through</u>	in + acc.	<u>into / onto</u>
post	<u>after</u>	trans =	<u>across</u>

Prepositions that govern the ablative case:

a, ab	<u>away from</u>	prae	<u>in front of / before</u>
cum	<u>with</u>	pro	<u>for / on behalf of</u>
de	<u>down from / about</u>	sine	<u>without</u>
e, ex	<u>out of / from</u>	in + abl.	<u>in / on</u>

ADVERBS: Provide Meaning

*present tense*

cotidie every day / daily

cras tomorrow

deinde then

diligenter carefully

fortasse perhaps

*today or yesterday*

huc here

iam now

iampridem a long time

ibi there

intro within

intus inside

longe far

mane in the morning

mox soon

obstinate stubbornly

paulisper for a short while

postremo finally / lastly  
 postridie on the next day  
 quo? where? where to?  
 semper always  
 sensim gradually / slowly  
 statim at once / immediately  
 suaviter sweetly  
 subito suddenly  
 tamen however  
 tantum only  
 timide fearfully  
 triste sadly  
 ubi where / when  
 ubique everywhere  
 valde very much  
 vehementer violently

**VERBS: Give 4 Principal Parts and Meaning of the Infinitive**

**1st Conjugation: -o, -are, -avi, -atum = \_\_\_\_\_**  
 (abbreviations ok to use here, except for 'do' and 'sto')

aedifico are, avi, atum = to build  
 ambulo are, avi, atum = to walk  
 ceno are, avi, atum = to dine  
 cogito are, avi, atum = to think / ponder / consider  
 delecto are, avi, atum = to please  
 dicto are, avi, atum = to dictate  
 do dare, dedi, datum = to give  
 laboro are, avi, atum = to work  
 nuntio are, avi, atum = to announce  
 postulo are, avi, atum = to demand

pugno, arc, avi, atum = to fight  
 rogo, arc, avi, atum = to ask  
 servo, arc, avi, atum = to save/protect  
 sto, stare, steti, statum = to stand  
 verbero, arc, avi, atum = to beat/strike  
 voco, arc, avi, atum = to call

**IIrd Conjugation: -eo, -ēre, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ (NO abbreviations)**

debeo, debēre, debui, debitum = to owe  
 deleo, delēre, deleui, deletum = to destroy  
 doceo, docēre, docui, doctum = to teach  
 faveo, favere, favi, fautum = to support/favor  
 habeo, habēre, habui, habitum = to have  
 maneo, manēre, mansi, mansum = to remain  
 placeo, placēre, placui, placitum = to please  
 respondeo, respondēre, respondi, responsum = to answer  
 rideo, ridēre, risi, risum = to laugh (at)  
 sedeo, sedēre, sedi, sessum = to sit  
 timeo, timēre, timui, — to fear/be afraid  
 valeo, valēre, valui, — to be well/strong  
 video, vidēre, vidi, visum = to see  
 terreo, terrere, terrui, territum = to frighten/terrify

**IIIrd Conjugation: -o, -ere, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ (NO abbreviations)**

accido, accidere, accidi, — = to happen  
 ago, agere, egi, actum = to do/drive/act  
 amitto, amittere, amisi, amissum = to send out <sup>to</sup>  
 ascendo, ascendere, ascendi, ascensum = to go up  
 claudio, claudere, clausi, clausum = to close/shut  
 contendo, contendere, contendi, contentum = to hurry  
 credo, credere, credidi, creditum = to believe/trust  
 curro, currere, cucurri, cursum = to run

peto, petere, petivi, petitum = to seek/head for,  
 attack



- decido decidere, decidi, (decisum) = to fall down
- depono deponere, deponi, depositum = to put down
- descendo descendere, descendi, descensum = to <sup>come down</sup> descend
- dico dicere, dixi, dictum = to speak / say / tell
- duco ducere, duxi, ductum = to lead
- elego eligere, elegi, electum = to choose from
- emitto mittere, misi, missum = to throw / release
- gero gerere, gessi, gestum = to wear / manage / conduct
- intellego intellegere, intellexi, intellectum = to understand
- lego legere, legi, lectum = to read / choose
- mitto mittere, misi, missum = to send
- ostendo ostendere, ostendi, ostentum = to show
- pono ponere, posui, positum = to put / place
- promitto promittere, promisi, promissum = to promise
- quaero quaerere, quaerivi, quaeritum = to search for
- scribo scribere, scripsi, scriptum = to write
- surgo surgere, surrexi, surrectum = to rise / stand up
- trado tradere, tradidi, traditum = to hand over

IIIrd "io": -io, -ere, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ (NO abbreviations)

- accipio accipere, accepi, acceptum = to receive
- capio capere, cepi, captum = to take / seize
- conspicio conspicere, conspexi, conspectum = to <sup>right of</sup> catch
- cupio cupere, cupivi, cupitum = to desire
- facio facere, feci, factum = to do / make
- fugio fugere, fugi, fugitum = to flee
- inspicio inspicere, inspexi, inspectum = to examine
- rapio rapere, rapui, raptum = to seize / grab

IVth Conjugation: -io, -ire, -ivi, -itum = \_\_\_\_\_ (abbreviate only those following the regular pattern; there are many irregulars - do NOT abbreviate these)

- audio audire, audivi, auditum: to hear / listen
- garrus garrere, garrivi, garrum: to gossip
- invenio invenire, inveni, inventum: to find / discover
- pervenio pervenire, perveni, perventum: to arrive
- revenio revenire, reveni, revertum: to return
- salio salire, salui, saltum: to jump / leap / dance
- scio scire, scivi, scitum: to know
- sentio sentire, sensi, sensum: to feel
- venio venire, veni, ventum: to come
- dormio, dormire, dormivi, dormitum: to sleep

IRREGULAR:

- eo ire, ivi, itum: to go
- fero ferre, tuli, latum: to bring / bear / carry
- sum esse, fui, futurum: to be